

Lee combined a 1926 and 1927 Farmall, extending front wheels forward and mounting a steering shaft between tractors.

HE DOUBLED UP TRACTORS WITHOUT ANY WELDING OR CUTTING

Side-By-Side Farmalls

Retired farmer and trucker Harry Lee likes to build tractors that never existed. His latest is a pair of side-by-side Farmall F-20's that he doubled-up without any welding or cutting. He calls it his "Hillside Special".

"They run together like one tractor but I could convert back to two separate machines by just unbolting them and removing the support frame," he says.

Lee has nearly 50 collectable tractors that he takes to antique power shows in the summer. Most of his machines are IH but he has three tractors that are unique, including his side-by-side Farmalls. Another one-ofa-kind tractor is his "Bombshell" which he built from scratch. It's based on a photo of a prototype 1922 Farmall F-20 that IH never marketed. All the original prototype machines were destroyed but Lee found a photo of one and used it as a blueprint. Another one of his "made up" tractors is his 1939 LC Huber which he also built from scratch. It's a rare model, built in Ohio, that's almost impossible to find among collectors. Old timers who've seen his home-built version swear it looks like the real thing. (Lee's 1922 F-20 and his '39 Huber will be featured in upcoming issues of FARM SHOW).

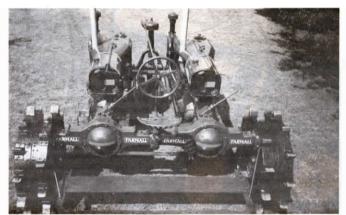
His new doubled-up machine was built from a combination of 1926 and 1927 model Farmalls. He also used a bunch of miscellaneous parts from other Farmalls, including the steering shaft from an F-30.

"The steering shaft worked perfectly between the two tractors. I didn't have to modify it at all since I extended the front wheels forward to balance out the tractor," says Lee. The support frame around the front of the two tractors was built out of scrap iron. He removed the hubs on the inside wheel of each tractor and bolted the rear ends together. That provided enough structural support to hold up the rear end. He mounted the tractor seat between the two tractors, leaving the gear shifts, throttles and foot pedals where they were. Sitting in the center seat, he can reach the clutch pedal on one tractor and brake pedal on another.

He modified the steel wheels, welding an extra band to the inside of the wheels (rather than the outside) in order to keep the tractor as narrow as possible. "It measures 9 1/2 ft. from axle bolt to axle bolt. I can get away with that on the roads around here," says Lee.

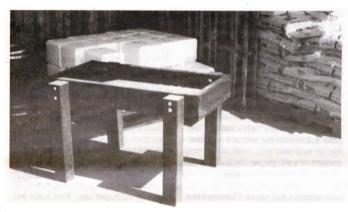
It took only about a month to build the tractor last spring since it went together much easier than he had expected. Both tractors had already been completely restored, including installation of high compression pistons in the engines. Lee plans to take his creation to shows this summer, including one he helps organize right down the road from his house (White River Valley Antique Assn., Elnora, Ind. Sept. 11-13, 1992). He plans to have all 50 of his collectables at the show, along with another 150 or so rare models from other collectors.

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Lee removed hubs on inside wheel and bolted rear ends together. Seat is mounted between tractors, leaving gear shifts, throttles and foot pedals in their original place.





Plastic wood works great for making anything that would otherwise require treated lumber such as this mineral feeder.

SAWS, NAILS JUST LIKE WOOD

Plastic Lumber Made Out Of Recycled Trash

"It's great for making anything that would otherwise require treated lumber such as feedbunks, mineral feeders, landscaping timbers, decks, picnic tables, fence posts, boat docks, and so on," says Robert J. Hill, product manager for Bedford Industries, Inc., Worthington, Minn., about the company's new plastic "wood" made out of recycled milk jugs and other discarded plastic.

Bedford Industries is the world's largest manufacturer of wire twist ties used to seal plastic bags. The company decided to get into plastic recycling in order to save the more than \$35,000 a year they were spending to dispose of waste from their factory operations. The result of a couple years of development work is a profitable new business for the company that not only gets rid of all their waste, but a large amount of recycled plastic from surrounding communities. Bedford's plastic wood is black or brown and can be sawed or nailed just like regular wood. So far it's available in 2 by 6's, 4 by 4's, and 6 by 6's (normal dimen-

sion lumber sizes). By next fall the company plans to have 1 by 4, 1 by 6 and 1 by 8in. planking available, with or without tongue and groove interlocking edges.

"The plastic never splits or cracks and animals won'tchew on it," says Hill, noting that there's a glut of recyclable plastic on the market right now so the product can be made and sold "quite reasonably". Although plastic wood still can not be used for large structural support - to build a hog barn, for example - because it flexes slightly more than wood, Bedford is working on incorporating fiberglass fibers into the plastic lumber so that it can be used anywhere you would normally use wood. It can be painted with latex paint.

An 8-ft. 6 by 6 sells for \$21.95, 4 by 4 for \$15.95, and 2 by 6 for \$9.95.

For more information, contact: FARM SHOW Followup, Robert J. Hill, Bedford Industries, Inc., 1659 Rowe Ave., P.O. Box 39, Worthington, Minn. 56187 (ph 507 376-4136).